Welcome to STN International! Enter x:X

LOGINID: ssptacrs1614

PASSWORD:

TERMINAL (ENTER 1, 2, 3, OR ?):2

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* * * * * * * * * *
                     Welcome to STN International
NEWS
                 Web Page for STN Seminar Schedule - N. America
NEWS
         AUG 06
                 CAS REGISTRY enhanced with new experimental property tags
NEWS
      3
         AUG 06
                 FSTA enhanced with new thesaurus edition
NEWS
         AUG 13
                 CA/CAplus enhanced with additional kind codes for granted
                 patents
NEWS
         AUG 20
                 CA/CAplus enhanced with CAS indexing in pre-1907 records
NEWS
         AUG 27
                 Full-text patent databases enhanced with predefined
                 patent family display formats from INPADOCDB
         AUG 27
                 USPATOLD now available on STN
NEWS
NEWS
         AUG 28
                 CAS REGISTRY enhanced with additional experimental
                 spectral property data
NEWS
         SEP 07
                 STN AnaVist, Version 2.0, now available with Derwent
                 World Patents Index
         SEP 13
NEWS 10
                 FORIS renamed to SOFIS
NEWS 11
         SEP 13
                 INPADOCDB enhanced with monthly SDI frequency
NEWS 12
         SEP 17
                 CA/CAplus enhanced with printed CA page images from
                 1967-1998
NEWS 13
         SEP 17
                 CAplus coverage extended to include traditional medicine
                 patents
NEWS 14 SEP 24
                 EMBASE, EMBAL, and LEMBASE reloaded with enhancements
NEWS 15
         OCT 02
                 CA/CAplus enhanced with pre-1907 records from Chemisches
                 Zentralblatt
NEWS 16 OCT 19
                 BEILSTEIN updated with new compounds
NEWS 17
         NOV 15
                 Derwent Indian patent publication number format enhanced
NEWS 18 NOV 19 WPIX enhanced with XML display format
NEWS 19 NOV 30 ICSD reloaded with enhancements
NEWS 20 DEC 04 LINPADOCDB now available on STN
NEWS 21 DEC 14 BEILSTEIN pricing structure to change
NEWS 22 DEC 17 USPATOLD added to additional database clusters
NEWS 23
         DEC 17
                 IMSDRUGCONF removed from database clusters and STN
         DEC 17
NEWS 24
                 DGENE now includes more than 10 million sequences
NEWS 25
         DEC 17
                 TOXCENTER enhanced with 2008 MeSH vocabulary in
                 MEDLINE segment
         DEC 17
NEWS 26
                 MEDLINE and LMEDLINE updated with 2008 MeSH vocabulary
NEWS 27
         DEC 17
                 CA/CAplus enhanced with new custom IPC display formats
NEWS 28
         DEC 17
                 STN Viewer enhanced with full-text patent content
                  from USPATOLD
NEWS 29
         JAN 02
                 STN pricing information for 2008 now available
NEWS 30
         JAN 16
                 CAS patent coverage enhanced to include exemplified
                 prophetic substances
NEWS 31
         JAN 28
                 USPATFULL, USPAT2, and USPATOLD enhanced with new
                 custom IPC display formats
NEWS 32
         JAN 28
                 MARPAT searching enhanced
NEWS 33
         JAN 28
                 USGENE now provides USPTO sequence data within 3 days
                 of publication
NEWS 34
         JAN 28
                 TOXCENTER enhanced with reloaded MEDLINE segment
```

NEWS 35 JAN 28 MEDLINE and LMEDLINE reloaded with enhancements NEWS 36 FEB 08 STN Express, Version 8.3, now available

NEWS EXPRESS FEBRUARY 08 CURRENT WINDOWS VERSION IS V8.3,
AND CURRENT DISCOVER FILE IS DATED 24 JANUARY 2008

NEWS HOURS STN Operating Hours Plus Help Desk Availability

NEWS LOGIN Welcome Banner and News Items

NEWS IPC8 For general information regarding STN implementation of IPC 8

Enter NEWS followed by the item number or name to see news on that specific topic.

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FILE 'HOME' ENTERED AT 09:04:13 ON 20 FEB 2008

=> file registry COST IN U.S. DOLLARS

SINCE FILE TOTAL
ENTRY SESSION
0.21 0.21

FULL ESTIMATED COST

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STRUCTURE FILE UPDATES: 19 FEB 2008 HIGHEST RN 1004621-14-0 DICTIONARY FILE UPDATES: 19 FEB 2008 HIGHEST RN 1004621-14-0

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TSCA INFORMATION NOW CURRENT THROUGH January 9, 2008.

Please note that search-term pricing does apply when conducting SmartSELECT searches.

REGISTRY includes numerically searchable data for experimental and predicted properties as well as tags indicating availability of experimental property data in the original document. For information on property searching in REGISTRY, refer to:

http://www.cas.org/support/stngen/stndoc/properties.html

=> file registry COST IN U.S. DOLLARS

SINCE FILE TOTAL ENTRY SESSION 0.46 0.67

FULL ESTIMATED COST

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STRUCTURE FILE UPDATES: 19 FEB 2008 HIGHEST RN 1004621-14-0 DICTIONARY FILE UPDATES: 19 FEB 2008 HIGHEST RN 1004621-14-0

New CAS Information Use Policies, enter HELP USAGETERMS for details.

TSCA INFORMATION NOW CURRENT THROUGH January 9, 2008.

Please note that search-term pricing does apply when conducting SmartSELECT searches.

REGISTRY includes numerically searchable data for experimental and predicted properties as well as tags indicating availability of experimental property data in the original document. For information on property searching in REGISTRY, refer to:

http://www.cas.org/support/stngen/stndoc/properties.html

```
=> e hydroxymethylfurfural
               1
                     HYDROXYMETHYLFURATRIZINE/BI
E2
               3
                     HYDROXYMETHYLFURFUR/BI
               2 --> HYDROXYMETHYLFURFURAL/BI
E.3
E.4
               1 HYDROXYMETHYLFURFURALALDEHYDE/BI
                    HYDROXYMETHYLFURFURALDEHYDE/BI
E5
              1
             1 HYDROXYMETHYLFURFUROL/BI
1 HYDROXYMETHYLFURFURYL/BI
1 HYDROXYMETHYLFURME/BI
1 HYDROXYMETHYLFURMETHI/BI
1 HYDROXYMETHYLFURMETHIDE/BI
2 HYDROXYMETHYLFURO/BI
1 HYDROXYMETHYLGLUTAM/BI
E6
Ε7
F.8
E9
E10
E11
E12
               1
                    HYDROXYMETHYLGLUTAM/BI
=> s e3
               2 HYDROXYMETHYLFURFURAL/BI
L1
=> d 11 1-2
L1
     ANSWER 1 OF 2 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN
     25376-49-2 REGISTRY
ED
     Entered STN: 16 Nov 1984
     2-Furancarboxaldehyde, (hydroxymethyl) - (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)
CN
OTHER CA INDEX NAMES:
     2-Furaldehyde, (hydroxymethyl) - (7CI, 8CI)
OTHER NAMES:
CN
     Hydroxymethylfurfural
MF
     C6 H6 O3
CI
     IDS, COM
                     AGRICOLA, ANABSTR, BIOSIS, BIOTECHNO, CA, CAOLD, CAPLUS,
LC
     STN Files:
        CASREACT, DDFU, DETHERM*, DRUGU, EMBASE, IPA, PIRA, PROMT, TOXCENTER,
        USPATOLD
           (*File contains numerically searchable property data)
```

```
O CHC
```

D1-CH2-OH

```
333 REFERENCES IN FILE CA (1907 TO DATE)
               1 REFERENCES TO NON-SPECIFIC DERIVATIVES IN FILE CA
             333 REFERENCES IN FILE CAPLUS (1907 TO DATE)
              17 REFERENCES IN FILE CAOLD (PRIOR TO 1967)
    ANSWER 2 OF 2 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN
L1
     67-47-0 REGISTRY
RN
     Entered STN: 16 Nov 1984
ED
     2-Furancarboxaldehyde, 5-(hydroxymethyl)- (CA INDEX NAME)
CN
OTHER CA INDEX NAMES:
     2-Furaldehyde, 5-(hydroxymethyl)- (8CI)
OTHER NAMES:
CN
     2-Hydroxymethyl-5-furfural
CN
     5-(Hydroxymethyl)-2-furaldehyde
     5-(Hydroxymethyl)-2-furancarbonal
CN
     5-(Hydroxymethyl)-2-furancarboxaldehyde
CN
CN
     5-(Hydroxymethyl)-2-furfural
CN
     5-(Hydroxymethyl)-2-furfuraldehyde
CN
     5-(Hydroxymethyl)furfural
     5-Hydroxymethyl-2-formylfuran
CN
     5-Hydroxymethylfuraldehyde
CN
     5-Hydroxymethylfuran-2-aldehyde
CN
CN
     5-Hydroxymethylfurfuraldehyde
CN
     5-Hydroxymethylfurfurol
CN
     5-Oxymethylfurfurole
CN
    HMF
CN
     Hydroxymethylfurfural
CN
     Hydroxymethylfurfuralaldehyde
CN
     Hydroxymethylfurfuraldehyde
CN
    NSC 40738
DR
     76330-16-0
MF
    C6 H6 O3
CI
     COM
LC
                  AGRICOLA, ANABSTR, AQUIRE, BEILSTEIN*, BIOSIS, BIOTECHNO, CA,
       CABA, CAOLD, CAPLUS, CASREACT, CBNB, CHEMCATS, CHEMINFORMRX, CHEMLIST,
       CIN, CSCHEM, CSNB, EMBASE, GMELIN*, IFICDB, IFIPAT, IFIUDB, IPA,
       MEDLINE, MRCK*, NAPRALERT, PIRA, PROMT, RTECS*, SPECINFO, TOXCENTER,
       USPAT2, USPATFULL, USPATOLD
         (*File contains numerically searchable property data)
     Other Sources: DSL**, EINECS**, TSCA**
         (**Enter CHEMLIST File for up-to-date regulatory information)
```

PROPERTY DATA AVAILABLE IN THE 'PROP' FORMAT

3100 REFERENCES IN FILE CA (1907 TO DATE)

```
36 REFERENCES TO NON-SPECIFIC DERIVATIVES IN FILE CA
3109 REFERENCES IN FILE CAPLUS (1907 TO DATE)
51 REFERENCES IN FILE CAOLD (PRIOR TO 1967)
```

```
=> e alphaketoglutaric
            1
                 ALPHAIV/BI
Ε2
            1
                 ALPHAJEL/BI
Е3
            0 --> ALPHAKETOGLUTARIC/BI
E4
                 ALPHAKIL/BI
            1
E5
            3
                 ALPHAL/BI
            2
                 ALPHALB/BI
Ε6
E7
            1
                 ALPHALIN/BI
E8
            2
                 ALPHALOY/BI
            1
                 ALPHALUX/BI
E.9
            4
                 ALPHAM/BI
E10
            7
                 ALPHAM1/BI
E11
            1
                 ALPHAMAL/BI
E12
=> s 328-50-7
            1 328-50-7
                (328-50-7/RN)
=> d
    ANSWER 1 OF 1 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN
L2
     328-50-7 REGISTRY
    Entered STN: 16 Nov 1984
    Pentanedioic acid, 2-oxo- (CA INDEX NAME)
OTHER CA INDEX NAMES:
CN Glutaric acid, 2-oxo- (8CI)
OTHER NAMES:
CN \alpha-keto-Glutaric acid
CN \alpha-Ketoglutaric acid
CN \alpha-Oxoglutaric acid
CN \alpha-Oxopentanedioic acid
CN
   2-Ketoglutaric acid
CN
    2-0xo-1,5-pentanedioic acid
CN
    2-Oxoglutaric acid
CN
    2-Oxopentanedioic acid
    NSC 17391
CN
DR
     27175-99-1
MF
    C5 H6 O5
CI
    COM
LC
     STN Files: AGRICOLA, ANABSTR, BEILSTEIN*, BIOSIS, BIOTECHNO, CA, CABA,
       CAOLD, CAPLUS, CASREACT, CHEMCATS, CHEMINFORMRX, CHEMLIST, CSCHEM, CSNB,
       DDFU, DETHERM*, DRUGU, EMBASE, IFICDB, IFIPAT, IFIUDB, IPA, MEDLINE,
      MRCK*, MSDS-OHS, NAPRALERT, PROMT, RTECS*, SYNTHLINE, TOXCENTER, USPAT2,
      USPATFULL, USPATOLD
         (*File contains numerically searchable property data)
     Other Sources: DSL**, EINECS**, TSCA**
         (**Enter CHEMLIST File for up-to-date regulatory information)
```

PROPERTY DATA AVAILABLE IN THE 'PROP' FORMAT

8979 REFERENCES IN FILE CA (1907 TO DATE)
166 REFERENCES TO NON-SPECIFIC DERIVATIVES IN FILE CA
8997 REFERENCES IN FILE CAPLUS (1907 TO DATE)
15 REFERENCES IN FILE CAOLD (PRIOR TO 1967)

=> e dehydroascorbic DEHYDROASCORBATASE/BI 1 E2 124 DEHYDROASCORBATE/BI E3 23 --> DEHYDROASCORBIC/BI E41 DEHYDROASCRO/BI E5 1 DEHYDROASCROBI/BI DEHYDROASCROBIC/BI
DEHYDROASCROBIC/BI
DEHYDROASIMILO/BI
DEHYDROASIMILOBI/BI
DEHYDROASIMILOBINE/BI
DEHYDROASPART/BI
DEHYDROASPARTAME/BI
DEHYDROASPARTIC/BI E.6 E7 Ε8 E9 E10 E11 E12 => s e3

L3 23 DEHYDROASCORBIC/BI

=> file caplus
COST IN U.S. DOLLARS

SINCE FILE TOTAL ENTRY SESSION 18.60 19.27

FULL ESTIMATED COST

FILE 'CAPLUS' ENTERED AT 09:08:09 ON 20 FEB 2008
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FILE COVERS 1907 - 20 Feb 2008 VOL 148 ISS 8 FILE LAST UPDATED: 19 Feb 2008 (20080219/ED)

Effective October 17, 2005, revised CAS Information Use Policies apply. They are available for your review at:

http://www.cas.org/infopolicy.html

=> s (l1 or hmf of hydroxymethylfurfur?) and (l2 or ketoglut?) and ?methionine 3362 L1 1257 HMF 29 HMFS 1275 HMF (HMF OR HMFS)

2447 HYDROXYMETHYLFURFUR?

17 HMF OF HYDROXYMETHYLFURFUR?

(HMF (1W) HYDROXYMETHYLFURFUR?)

8997 L2

13225 KETOGLUT?

101086 ?METHIONINE

L4 1 (L1 OR HMF OF HYDROXYMETHYLFURFUR?) AND (L2 OR KETOGLUT?) AND ?METHIONINE

=> d 14

- L4 ANSWER 1 OF 1 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN
- AN 2004:467738 CAPLUS
- DN 141:17591
- ${\tt TI}$ Agent having a destructive effect on malignant tumors and method for the production
- IN Groke, Karl; Herwig, Ralf
- PA C.Y.L. Handelsges. m.b.H., Austria; Ferdinand, Peter
- SO PCT Int. Appl., 35 pp. CODEN: PIXXD2
- DT Patent
- LA German
- FAN.CNT 1

	PAT	PATENT NO.								APPLICATION NO.					DATE				
ΡI	WO							WO 2003-EP50712						20031013					
		W:	ΑE,	AG,	AL,	ΑM,	ΑT,	AU,	ΑZ,	BA,	BB,	BG,	BR,	BY,	BZ,	CA,	CH,	CN,	
			CO,	CR,	CU,	CZ,	DE,	DK,	DM,	DZ,	EC,	EE,	EG,	ES,	FΙ,	GB,	GD,	GE,	
			GH,	GM,	HR,	HU,	ID,	IL,	IN,	IS,	JP,	KΕ,	KG,	KP,	KR,	KΖ,	LC,	LK,	
			LR,	LS,	LT,	LU,	LV,	MA,	MD,	MG,	MK,	MN,	MW,	MX,	${ m MZ}$,	NΙ,	NO,	NΖ,	
			OM,	PG,	PH,	PL,	PT,	RO,	RU,	SC,	SD,	SE,	SG,	SK,	SL,	SY,	ΤJ,	TM,	
			TN,	TR,	TT,	TZ,	UA,	UG,	US,	UZ,	VC,	VN,	YU,	ZA,	ZM,	ZW			
		RW:	GH,	GM,	KΕ,	LS,	MW,	MZ,	SD,	SL,	SZ,	TZ,	UG,	ZM,	ZW,	ΑM,	ΑZ,	BY,	
			,	,	,		,	TM,		,	,	,	,	,	,	,	,	,	
								IE,											
								CM,											
)1778 A 20040815										20021127					
		412447																	
	CA 2507273 AU 2003285351												20031013						
		EP 1565176							EP 2003-778338						20031013				
	EP				B1 20060524														
		R:						ES,										PT,	
			,	,	,	,	,	RO,											
	JP 2006508998			T 20060316				JP 2004-554531											
	ΑT	3269.	58			Τ	T 20060615			AT 2003-778338									
						PT 2003-778338 ES 2003-778338													
		2268																	
		2006									US 2	006-	5367	77		21	0060	907	
PRAI		2002																	
		2003																	
	WO	2003	-EP5	0712		W		2003	1013										

RE.CNT 4 THERE ARE 4 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

```
=> s (l1 or hmf of hydroxymethylfurfur?) and (l2 or ketoglut?) $3362\ \mathrm{L1}$
```

1257 HMF

29 HMFS

1275 HMF

(HMF OR HMFS)

2447 HYDROXYMETHYLFURFUR?

17 HMF OF HYDROXYMETHYLFURFUR?

8997 L2

13225 KETOGLUT?

L5 10 (L1 OR HMF OF HYDROXYMETHYLFURFUR?) AND (L2 OR KETOGLUT?)

=> d 15 ibib abs 1-10

L5 ANSWER 1 OF 10 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2007:1140948 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 147:420129

TITLE: Use of α - ketoglutaric acid and

5-hydroxymethylfurfural for reducing oxidative stress

INVENTOR(S): Moser, Peter Michael; Greilberger, Joachim; Maier,

Alfred; Juan, Heinz; Buecherl-Harrer, Christian;

Kager, Ernst

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): C.Y.L. Pharmazeutika GmbH, Austria

SOURCE: Eur. Pat. Appl., 7pp.

CODEN: EPXXDW

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent LANGUAGE: German

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.		KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
EP 1842536	A1	20071010	EP 2007-104493	20070320	
R: AT,	BE, BG,	CH, CY	, CZ, DE,	DK, EE, ES, FI, FR, (GB, GR, HU, IE,
IS,	IT, LI,	LT, LU	, LV, MC,	MT, NL, PL, PT, RO,	SE, SI, SK, TR,
AL,	BA, HR,	MK, YU			

AT 503385 A1 20071015 AT 2006-464 20060320 PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: AT 2006-464 A 20060320

The invention discloses the use of α - ketoglutaric acid and 5-hydroxymethylfurfural for the preparation of a medicament for the treatment and prevention of oxidative stress in humans and animals, particularly for the reduction of reactive oxygen and nitrogen species and simultaneously increasing antioxidant capacity. The compds. of the invention can be used for the improvement of general conditions and improving performance.

REFERENCE COUNT: 5 THERE ARE 5 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L5 ANSWER 2 OF 10 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2007:758613 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 147:197593

TITLE: Using tolerance intervals in pre-study validation of

analytical methods to predict in-study results

AUTHOR(S): Rozet, Eric; Hubert, Cedric; Ceccato, Attilio; Dewe,

Walthere; Ziemons, Eric; Moonen, Francois; Michail,

Karim; Wintersteiger, Reinhold; Streel, Bruno;

Boulanger, Bruno; Hubert, Philippe

CORPORATE SOURCE: Laboratory of Analytical Chemistry, Bioanalytical

Chemistry Research Unit, Institute of Pharmacy, CHU,

University of Liege, Liege, B-4000, Belg.

SOURCE: Journal of Chromatography, A (2007), 1158(1-2),

126-137

CODEN: JCRAEY; ISSN: 0021-9673

PUBLISHER: Elsevier B.V.

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal LANGUAGE: English

AB It is recognized that the purpose of validation of anal. methods is to demonstrate that the method is suited for its intended purpose. Validation is not only required by regulatory authorities, but is also a decisive phase before the routine use of the method. For a quant. anal.

method the objective is to quantify the target analytes with a known and suitable accuracy. For that purpose, first, a decision about the validity of the method based on prediction is proposed: a method is declared proper for routine application if it is considered that most of the future results generated will be accurate enough. This can be achieved by the " β -expectation tolerance interval" (accuracy profile) as the decision tool to assess the validity of the anal. method. Moreover, the concept of "fit-for-purpose" is also proposed here to select the most relevant response function as calibration curve, i.e. choosing a response function based solely on the predicted results this model will allow to obtain. This paper reports 4 case studies where the results obtained with quality control samples in routine were compared to predictions made in the validation phase. Predictions made using the " β -expectation tolerance interval" are shown to be accurate and trustful for decision making. It is therefore suggested that an adequate way to conciliate both the objectives of the anal. method in routine anal. and those of the validation step consists in taking the decision about the validity of the anal. method based on prediction of the future results using the most appropriate response function curve, i.e. the fit-for-future-purpose concept.

REFERENCE COUNT: 21 THERE ARE 21 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L5 ANSWER 3 OF 10 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2006:1326164 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 146:134507

TITLE: Development and validation of a liquid chromatographic

method for the determination of hydroxymethylfurfural

and alpha-ketoglutaric acid in human plasma Michail, K.; Juan, H.; Maier, A.; Matzi, V.;

Greilberger, J.; Wintersteiger, R.

CORPORATE SOURCE: Institute of Pharmaceutical Sciences, University of

Graz, Austria

SOURCE: Analytica Chimica Acta (2007), 581(2), 287-297

CODEN: ACACAM; ISSN: 0003-2670

PUBLISHER: Elsevier B.V.

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal LANGUAGE: English

AB Hydroxymethylfurfural (HMF) and alpha-ketoglutaric acid (KG)

have been recently investigated as potential cancer cell damaging agents. We herein report for the first time a validated quant. assay for their

simultaneous determination in human plasma which is amenable to be applied in

the

AUTHOR(S):

future screening of the target compds. in human probands in order to properly design a targeted chemotherapeutic regimen for certain types of malignant tumors. A simple liquid chromatog, method in conjunction to derivatization after a two-step optimized solid phase clean-up procedure is described. The method is based on the reaction of HMF and KG with 2-nitrophenylhydrazine or 2,4-dinitrophenylhydrazine in an aqueous environment. Reaction conditions were studied with respect to pH, reagent volume, reaction temperature and time. Exact testing of such parameters beside careful selection of the mobile phase composition rendered feasible the quantification of the chemical significantly differing analytes along a single chromatog. run. The formed derivs. could be separated isocratically by reversed-phase LC on a C8-column. Detection in the UV and in the visible range is possible. Results showed good recovery and reproducibility with detection limits (S/N = 3) down to 2 pmol analyte on column. Resolution of the syn and anti geometric isomers of the HMF and KG derivs. is possible. The isomeric ratio in relation to the reaction pH is discussed.

REFERENCE COUNT: 46 THERE ARE 46 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

ANSWER 4 OF 10 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN L5

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2004:467738 CAPLUS

141:17591 DOCUMENT NUMBER:

Agent having a destructive effect on malignant tumors TITLE:

and method for the production

INVENTOR(S): Groke, Karl; Herwig, Ralf

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): C.Y.L. Handelsges. m.b.H., Austria; Ferdinand, Peter

SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 35 pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent LANGUAGE: German

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT:

PATENT INFORMATION:

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PATENT NO.
                              KIND DATE
                                                  APPLICATION NO.
                              ____
                                                       ______
      WO 2004047832
                                A1 20040610 WO 2003-EP50712
                                                                                     20031013
           W: AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CN,
                CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EC, EE, EG, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE,
           CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EC, EE, EG, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MZ, NI, NO, NZ, OM, PG, PH, PL, PT, RO, RU, SC, SD, SE, SG, SK, SL, SY, TJ, TM, TN, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VC, VN, YU, ZA, ZM, ZW

RW: GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZM, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM, AT, BE, BG, CH, CY, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, HU, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, RO, SE, SI, SK, TR, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GQ, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG
      AT 2002001778 A 20040815 AT 2002-1778
                                В
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                               A1 20040610 CA 2003-2507273
A1 20040618 AU 2003-285351
      CA 2507273
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      AU 2003285351
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      EP 1565176
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                                B1
      EP 1565176
                                        20060524
           R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC, PT,
                IE, SI, LT, LV, FI, RO, MK, CY, AL, TR, BG, CZ, EE, HU, SK
      JP 2006508998 T 20060316 JP 2004-554531 20031013
                                Т
                                       20060615 AT 2003-778338
      AT 326958
                                                                                     20031013
                                      20061031 PT 2003-778338
      PT 1565176
      ES 2268452
                                     20070316 ES 2003-778338
                                Т3
      US 2006292218
                               A1
                                         20061228
                                                     US 2006-536777
                                                                                      20060907
                                                                                A 20021127
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:
                                                        AT 2002-1778
                                                        EP 2003-778338
                                                                                 A 20031013
                                                        WO 2003-FP50712 W 20031013
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AB Disclosed is an agent which has a destructive effect on malignant tumors and contains alpha-ketoglutaric acid, N-acetyl-seleno-Lmethionine, N-acetyl-L-methionine, and a compound that is capable of forming azomethine and is selected among the group 5-hydroxymethylfurfural, dehydroascorbic acid, maltol, and vanillin as an active substance, 5-hydroxymethylfurfural being preferred. The inventive agent can be used in the form of an infusion, in an oral or rectal form of administration, or as an irrigation in cancer therapy. The treatment of cancer patients with the following infusion solution is reported: α ketoglutaric acid 9.0 g/L; 5-hydroxymethyl furfural 3.0 g/L; N-acetyl-seleno-L-methionine 2.0 mg/L; N-acetyl-L-methionine 100.00 mg/L; glucose 30.0 g/L; sodium and potassium ions to set pH.

REFERENCE COUNT: 4 THERE ARE 4 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

ANSWER 5 OF 10 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN L5

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2003:909147 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 139:369764

TITLE: Composition for the treatment of alcohol and smoking

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dependence using 5-hydroxymethylfurfural-containing
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drinks

INVENTOR(S): Groke, Karl; Kager, Ernst; Buecherl, Christian

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Austria

SOURCE: Eur. Pat. Appl., 4 pp.

CODEN: EPXXDW

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent LANGUAGE: German

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

PAT	PATENT NO.					D	DATE			APPLICATION NO.				DATE				
	1362 1362				A1 B1		2003 2005			EP	20	03-	4500	35		2	0030	205
	R:						ES,											PT,
							RO,										SK	
ΑT	2002						2003	1015		ΑT	20	02-	764			2	0020	517
ΑT	4117	30			В		2004	0525										
	3038						2005											
ES	2252	651			Т3		2006	0516		ES	20	03-	4500	35		2	0030	205
CA	2486	298			A1		2003	1127		CA	20	03-	2486	298		2	0030	515
WO	WO 2003097032			A1 20031127			WO 2003-AT140						20030515					
	W:	ΑE,	AG,	AL,	AM,	ΑT,	ΑU,	AZ,	BA,	BE	3,	BG,	BR,	BY,	BZ,	CA,	CH,	CN,
							DK,											
							IN,											
							MD,											
		PH,	PL,	PT,	RO,	RU,	SC,	SD,	SE,	SC	€,	SK,	SL,	ΤJ,	TM,	TN,	TR,	TT,
							VC,							·	·	•	·	·
	RW:	GH,	GM,	KE,	LS,	MW,	MZ,	SD,	SL,	SZ	Ζ,	TZ,	UG,	ZM,	ZW,	AM,	AZ,	BY,
						•	TM,						•					
		•	•	•	•		IE,	•	•		•		•	•	•	•	•	•
		BF.	ВJ,	CF.	CG,	CI,	CM,	GA,	GN.	GC	,),	GW.	ML.	MR,	NE.	SN,	TD.	TG
ΑU	2003						2003											
JP	2005	5284	19		Т		2005	0922		JΡ	20	04-	5050	31		2	0030	515
	2005																	
	APP															A 2		
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The s	in	وعدد				1								-				

AB The invention concerns the treatment of alc. and smoking dependence by administering a drink that contains per L (g): α - ketoglutaric acid 4-8; 5-hydroxymethylfurfural 0.2-0.6; saccharose 20-40; sodium bicarbonate 2.5-5.0; sorbic acid 0.3-0.8; optionally citric acid 0.5.

REFERENCE COUNT: 3 THERE ARE 3 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L5 ANSWER 6 OF 10 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1998:512775 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 129:148301

TITLE: Volatile Compounds Involved in the Aroma of Sweet Fortified Wines (Vins Doux Naturels) from Grenache

Noir

AUTHOR(S): Schneider, R.; Baumes, R.; Bayonove, C.; Razungles, A.

CORPORATE SOURCE: Laboratoire des Aromes et Substances Naturelles,

IPV-ENSAM-INRA, Montpellier, 34060, Fr.

Journal of Agricultural and Food Chemistry (1998), 46(8), 3230-3237

CODEN: JAFCAU; ISSN: 0021-8561

PUBLISHER: American Chemical Society

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal LANGUAGE: English

SOURCE:

A typical com. sample of red Vins Doux Naturels (VDN), Maury 1991, was AR analyzed by liquid-liquid extraction with dichloromethane followed by chromatog.

anal. by GC/FID, GC/MS, and GC/sniffing. GC/sniffing using a DB-Wax and a DB-5 fused silica capillary column revealed five substances having odors corresponding to the aromas of these sweet fortified wines: an enolic lactone, 3-hydroxy-4,5-dimethyl-2(5H)-furanone or sotolone; an acetal, trans-2-methyl-5-hydroxy-1,3-dioxane; and three Et esters, 4-carbethoxy-y-butyrolactone, Et 2-hydroxyglutarate, and Et pyroglutamate. The last four compds. were synthesized and their olfactory characteristics checked under the same conditions, which confirmed the odors revealed for the natural compds. except for trans-2-methyl-5-hydroxy-1,3-dioxane, which exhibited no odor. Furthermore, five other sweet fortified wines subjected to different types of oxidative aging were analyzed to quant. determine the four identified aroma compds. The three Et esters were found in these wines at different levels increasing with oxidative aging. However, sotolone could not be detected. In addition, other volatile compds. from the six wines were analyzed. The levels of polar Et esters and the related lactones, the carbonyl compds., and their acetals increased in the wines after oxidative aging as well.

REFERENCE COUNT: 29 THERE ARE 29 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

ANSWER 7 OF 10 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1985:77413 CAPLUS

102:77413 DOCUMENT NUMBER:

ORIGINAL REFERENCE NO.: 102:12135a, 12138a

TITLE: Polar carbonyls in cow and buffalo ghee AUTHOR(S): Rao, D. Vijayender; Ramamurthy, M. K.

CORPORATE SOURCE: Southern Reg. Stn., Natl. Dairy Res. Inst., Bangalore,

560030, India

Indian Journal of Dairy Science (1984), 37(2), 98-102 SOURCE:

CODEN: IJDSAI; ISSN: 0019-5146

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal LANGUAGE: English

Polar carbonyls (PC) were isolated as their 2,4-DNP hydrazones from ghee and estimated Ghee prepared at clarification temps. of 100° and 120° for 10 min. contained .apprx.1.9 and 31.5 mg of PC resp. in the case of fresh cream, 6.1 and 75.8 mg in the case of acid cream, and 1.4 and 3.2 mg/100 g ghee in the case of butter. Sepns. of 2,4-DNP hydrazones of total PC of ghee clarified at 100° by TLC showed 6 components. Three of them were tentatively identified as diacetyl [431-03-8], methyl glyoxal [78-98-8], and α - ketoglutaric acid [328-50-7]. The PC of ghee clarified at 120° showed 10 components. Among them, in addition to the 3 above were, furfural [98-01-1] and hydroxy Me furfural [25376-49-2] were also tentatively identified.

ANSWER 8 OF 10 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1984:185071 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 100:185071

ORIGINAL REFERENCE NO.: 100:28001a,28004a

TITLE: High-performance liquid chromatographic elution behavior of alcohols, aldehydes, ketones, organic acids and carbohydrates on a strong cation-exchange

stationary phase

AUTHOR(S): Pecina, R.; Bonn, G.; Burtscher, E.; Bobleter, O. CORPORATE SOURCE: Inst. Radiochem., Univ. Innsbruck, Innsbruck, Austria

Journal of Chromatography (1984), 287(2), 245-58 SOURCE:

CODEN: JOCRAM; ISSN: 0021-9673

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal LANGUAGE: English

The high-performance liquid chromatog. separation of alcs., aldehydes, ketones, AR carboxylic acids, and carbohydrates on a polystyrene-based strong cation-exchange resin is described. The column temperature was a very important

parameter for optimizing sepns. of these substances. The effect of different functional groups on the elution behavior is discussed.

ANSWER 9 OF 10 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1981:548868 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 95:148868

ORIGINAL REFERENCE NO.: 95:24905a,24908a

Aroma of Balady bread. 1. Determination of carbonyl TITLE:

components

AUTHOR(S): El-Samahy, S. K.; Elias, A. N.; Askar, A. CORPORATE SOURCE: Fac. Agric., Univ. Zagazig, Zagazig, Egypt Getreide, Mehl und Brot (1981), 35(7), 182-4 SOURCE:

CODEN: GEMBAN; ISSN: 0367-4177

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal LANGUAGE: German

Balady bread, fermented dough, and dough fresh from mixing were homogenized with H2O (200 g in 200 mL), extracted with CHCl3, treated with 2,4-dinitrophenylhydrazine in 2N HCl to derivatize the carbonyls, and the dinitrophenylhydrazones were separated by paper chromatog. The carbonyl compds. were determined by reaction gas chromatog. with $\alpha\text{--}$ ketoglutaric acid at $250\,^{\circ}$ to liberate free carbonyls in the precolumn for separation on a 20% Carbowax 20M on Chromosorb P (35-80 mesh) column. Fourteen of the 27 compds. separated were identified, 12 aldehydes and 2 ketones. Most of the carbonyls formed during dough fermentation Two unidentified compds. were >63% of the carbonyls in unfermented dough, one of which increased to 48% of the total and the other nearly disappeared during fermentation; both compds. were absent from bread. The major carbonyls in baked bread were propanal [123-38-6], acetone [67-64-1], and 2-methylpentanal [123-15-9].

L5ANSWER 10 OF 10 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1964:457866 CAPLUS

61:57866 DOCUMENT NUMBER: ORIGINAL REFERENCE NO.: 61:10047c-f

Determination of furan aldehydes. Reaction with TITLE: aniline in acetic and hydrochloric acid solutions Friedemann, Theodore E.; Keegan, Patricia K.; Witt, AUTHOR(S):

Norman F.

CORPORATE SOURCE: Univ. of Colorado, Boulder

SOURCE: Analytical Biochemistry (1964), 8(3), 300-11

CODEN: ANBCA2; ISSN: 0003-2697

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal LANGUAGE: Unavailable

Procedures are described for the spectrophotometric determination of 1-7 γ AB furfural, methylfurfural (MF), and (hydroxymethyl)furfural (HMF) per ml. solution by a combination of several methods: direct spectrophotometry, mixing equal vols. of sample solution and 10% PhNH2 in 80% HOAc, and by mixing equal vols. of sample solution and 10% PhNH2 in .apprx.0.9N excess HCl. Absorbances are determined at specified wavelengths, depending upon the type of sample analyzed. ϵ and λ maximum of furan aldehydes were determined under uniform conditions in 0.001N HCl: furfural, 3.54 +103 at 229 m μ and 15.375 + 103 at 277 m μ ; MF, 2.98 + 103 at 228 m μ and 16.22 + 103 at 291.5 m μ ; HMF, 3.605 + 103 at 229 m μ and 16.75 + 103 at 284 m μ . Data were obtained under the same uniform conditions on furfuryl alc. furoic acid, furoin, furil, Me2CO, acetol, methylglyoxal, pyruvic acid, levulinic acid, α ketoglutaric acid, diacetyl, actylacetone, and acetonylacetone. None of these compds., even if present in equimolar concentration, except

furoin

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+ 103 at \lambda \text{maximum} 281 m\!\mu\text{;} in 0.0002-1.0N acid, \epsilon and
     \lambdamaximum were essentially unchanged, 13.79 + 103 (average) at 263
     mµ. Oxidation to dehydroreductic acid completely removes the possible
     interference. The reaction with 10% PhNH2 in 80% HOAc is highly sensitive
     for all 3 aldehydes. Furfural gave no absorption peak in the ultraviolet.
     The reaction with 10% PhNH2 in HCl is also highly sensitive, especially for MF.
     \varepsilon and \lambdamaximum were: for furfural, 7.575 + 103 352
     m\mu; for MF, 11.75 + 103 at 370 m\mu; for HMF, 8.22 + 103
     at 363 m\mu. A distillation procedure is described for separating furfural and
     from HMF in which 98-99\% furfural and MF, and less than 1\% HMF, were
     recovered in the distillate.
=> s methionine (s) (cancer or tumor or neoplasm)
         93475 METHIONINE
           545 METHIONINES
         93665 METHIONINE
                  (METHIONINE OR METHIONINES)
        348164 CANCER
         51197 CANCERS
        361109 CANCER
                  (CANCER OR CANCERS)
        440912 TUMOR
        165946 TUMORS
        492219 TUMOR
                 (TUMOR OR TUMORS)
        483382 NEOPLASM
         37012 NEOPLASMS
        500298 NEOPLASM
                  (NEOPLASM OR NEOPLASMS)
          1415 METHIONINE (S) (CANCER OR TUMOR OR NEOPLASM)
=> s 16 and derivative
         56250 DERIVATIVE
        352679 DERIVATIVES
        404710 DERIVATIVE
                  (DERIVATIVE OR DERIVATIVES)
        656133 DERIV
       1168486 DERIVS
       1537343 DERIV
                  (DERIV OR DERIVS)
       1642194 DERIVATIVE
                  (DERIVATIVE OR DERIV)
           122 L6 AND DERIVATIVE
=> d scan
L7
      122 ANSWERS CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN
     ICM A61K037-14
INCL 514006000
     1-6 (Pharmacology)
     Section cross-reference(s): 63
     Method for the inhibition of the proliferation of cancer cells by
     injection into the tumor of a selenodithiol
     selenodithiol cancer treatment; selenodiglutathione lung adenocarcinoma
     inhibition; neoplasm inhibitor selenodithiol
     Neoplasm inhibitors
        (selenodithiols as)
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and acetylacetone, interferes significantly in the determination of furan

aldehydes. Reductic acid may interfere. At pH 7.4, ϵ was 20.705

MF

1.6

L7

TC

ST

ΙT

TΤ

Lung, neoplasm

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(adenocarcinoma, inhibitors, selenodithiols)
ΤТ
     Neoplasm inhibitors
        (colon adenocarcinoma, selenodithiols)
     Intestine, neoplasm
IΤ
        (colon, adenocarcinoma, inhibitors, selenodithiols)
IT
     Thiols, compounds
     RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological
     study, unclassified); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES
     (Uses)
        (di-, selenium complexes, neoplasm inhibitors)
     Neoplasm inhibitors
ΤТ
        (glioma, selenodithiols)
ΙT
     Skin
        (keratinocyte, inhibitors of, selenodithiols as)
ΙT
     Neoplasm inhibitors
        (lung adenocarcinoma, selenodithiols)
ΙT
     Neoplasm inhibitors
        (mammary gland adenocarcinoma, selenodithiols)
TT
     Neoplasm inhibitors
        (medulloblastoma, selenodithiols)
TT
     Brain, neoplasm
        (medulloblastoma, inhibitors, selenodithiols)
ΙΤ
     Neoplasm inhibitors
        (melanoma, selenodithiols)
     Mammary gland
ΙT
        (neoplasm, adenocarcinoma, inhibitors, selenodithiols)
ΙT
     Neuroglia
        (neoplasm, inhibitors, selenodithiols)
ΙT
     63-68-3D, L-Methionine, selenium derivs.
                                                 7782-49-2D,
     Selenium, methionine derivs. 20710-99-0,
     Selenodicysteine
     RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological
     study, unclassified); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES
     (Uses)
        (neoplasm inhibitor)
ΤТ
     33944-90-0P, Selenodiglutathione
     RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)
        (preparation of, for neoplasm inhibitor)
     10102-18-8, Sodium selenite
TΤ
     RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
        (reaction of, with reduced glutathione)
ΙT
     70-18-8D, Glutathione, reduced
     RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
        (reaction of, with sodium selenite)
HOW MANY MORE ANSWERS DO YOU WISH TO SCAN? (1):end
=> d his
     (FILE 'HOME' ENTERED AT 09:04:13 ON 20 FEB 2008)
     FILE 'REGISTRY' ENTERED AT 09:04:24 ON 20 FEB 2008
     FILE 'REGISTRY' ENTERED AT 09:04:55 ON 20 FEB 2008
                E HYDROXYMETHYLFURFURAL
L1
              2 S E3
                E ALPHAKETOGLUTARIC
L2
              1 S 328-50-7
                E DEHYDROASCORBIC
L3
             23 S E3
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FILE 'CAPLUS' ENTERED AT 09:08:09 ON 20 FEB 2008

L4 1 S (L1 OR HMF OF HYDROXYMETHYLF L5 10 S (L1 OR HMF OF HYDROXYMETHYLF L6 1415 S METHIONINE (S) (CANCER OR TULT 122 S L6 AND DERIVATIVE	URFUR?) AND (L2	OR KETOGLUT?)								
=> logoff ALL L# QUERIES AND ANSWER SETS ARE DELETED AT LOGOFF LOGOFF? (Y)/N/HOLD:y										
COST IN U.S. DOLLARS	SINCE FILE ENTRY	SESSION								
FULL ESTIMATED COST 61.99 81.26										
DISCOUNT AMOUNTS (FOR QUALIFYING ACCOUNTS) CA SUBSCRIBER PRICE		TOTAL SESSION -8.00								

STN INTERNATIONAL LOGOFF AT 09:15:42 ON 20 FEB 2008